

Safety Data Sheet

According to Feder Register | Vol. 77, No. 58 | Monday, March 26, 2012 | Rules & Regulations

Preparation Date: 11/1/2017 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product name Elements Bath & Body™ Color Protective Shampoo

Recommended use General purpose body cleanser

1.2 NAME, ADDRESS, AND TELEPHONE OF THE RESPONSIBLE PARTY

Supplier Details IndiMade Brands, LLC DBA Wholesale Supplies Plus

7820 E Pleasant Valley Road Independence, OH 44131

(800) 359-0944

www.WholesaleSuppliesPlus.com

1.3 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

Emergency Telephone (800) 255-3924 Domestic USA, Canada, Puerto Rico, and US Virgin Islands

+1 813 248-0585 International

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 GHS CLASSIFICATION

H₃16 Skin Irritation (Category 3)

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS

Pictogram Not applicable.
Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statement(s)

H₃16 Causes mild skin irritation

Precautionary Statement(s)

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS

No information available.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE

Substance Mixture

Component	CAS No.	Concentration
Stearic acid	57-11-4	0.5 - 5%

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

In case of eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and

 $remove\ contact\ lenses,\ if\ present\ and\ easy\ to\ do.\ Continue\ rinsing\ for\ at\ least\ 10\ minutes.\ Get\ medical$

attention if irritation occurs/persists.

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In case of skin contact Discontinue use of product. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

and shoes before use. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs/persists. Wash clothing and shoes before reuse.

If swallowed Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband.

comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt, or waistband. Get medical advice/attention if feeling unwell. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

If inhaled

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

None known.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Protection of first-aiders No special precautions are necessary.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable Extinguishing Media Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog), or alcohol-resistant foam. Tailor extinguishing media to

surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Do not use water jet.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur, and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Carbon oxides

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear, if necessary. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Use personal protective equipment. Always ensure adequate ventilation. No action should be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air.)

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

Small spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof

equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an

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Large spill

inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material (e.g., sand earth, vermiculite, or diatomaceous earth) and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, light, and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue that can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS

Component	CAS-No.	Exposure Limit	Basis
Polyacrylate dusts	9003-01-4	o.o5 mg m ⁻³	Industry-recommended permissible expose limit (PEL)
Glycerine (mist)	6.0	5 mg m ⁻³	OSHA Table Z1 (Respirable Faction)
	56-81-5	15 mg m⁻³	OSHA Table Z1 (Total Dust)
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	5 mg m ⁻³ (8 hr)	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV)

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Appropriate engineering controls

Eye protection

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminates below any recommended or statutory limits. Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquids splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side shields.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for

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different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures consisting of several substances, the protection time of

the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Skin protection Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the

risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static

discharges, clothing should include anti-static overall, boots, and gloves.

Other skin protection Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task

being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Use a properly fitter, air-purifying, or supplied-air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure

levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

: No data available.

Appearance : Opaque, white to off-white liquid

Odor : Characteristic odor Odor Threshold : No data available. : No data available. Melting point/freezing point : No data available. Initial boiling point and boiling range : No data available. Flashpoint : No data available. Evaporation rate : No data available. : No data available. Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : No data available. Vapor pressure : No data available. Vapor density : No data available. : No data available. Relative density Solubility : No data available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : No data available. Auto-ignition temperature : No data available. : No data available. Decomposition temperature Viscosity : No data available. Explosive properties : No data available.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY

Oxidizing properties

No data available.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

No dangerous reaction is known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame.)

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Oxidizing materials.

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10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Carbon oxides in fire conditions.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Inhalation Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Eye Contact Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

Skin Contact Irritation.

Ingestion Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

11.2 INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Skin contact.

11.3 DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT- AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE

Acute toxicity data Does not meet classification criteria. No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation No data available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Does not meet classification criteria. No data available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization No data available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available.

Carcinogenicity No data available.

Reproductive toxicity No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Does not meet classification criteria. No data available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure No data available.
Aspiration hazard No data available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 TOXICITY

No data available.

12.2 PERSISTENCE & BIODEGRADABILITY

No data available.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

No data available.

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL

No data available.

12.5 RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESSMENT

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted.

12.6 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

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Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Material should be disposed of in

accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. Regulations vary by region. Avoid release into the

soil, sewers, drains, and other waterways.

Contaminated packaging Waste packaging should be recycled or reused whenever possible. If recycling is not feasible, contaminated

packaging should be disposed of in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations. Regulations vary

by region.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

In Accordance with ICAO/IATA/IMDG/DOT

14.1 UN NUMBER

Not regulated for transport

14.2 UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME

Not regulated for transport

14.3 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Transport hazard class(es)

DOT (US) Not dangerous goods.

IMDG Not dangerous goods.

IATA Not dangerous goods.

Packing group N/A
Environmental hazards N/A

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 TSCA 8(B) INVENTORY

Polyquanternium-80, CAS No. 1309865-14-2

15.2 SARA 302 COMPONENTS

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

15.3 SARA 313 COMPONENTS

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

15.4 SARA 311/312 HAZARDS

Cocamidopropyl betaine, CAS No. 61789-40-0, Acute Health Hazard Polyether, CAS No 9002-92-0, Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard

15.5 CALIFORNIA PROP. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

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NFPA 704: Health **Flammability** Reactivity Version 1.0 Preparation Date 11/1/2017

Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety data sheet (SDS) was obtained from current and reliable sources, was carefully compiled and is believed to be accurate. The information represents the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. However, the data is provided without any warrant, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the use, handling, storage, and disposal of this product are beyond IndiMade Brands, LLC's control, it is the responsibility of the purchaser both to determine safe conditions for the use of this product and to assume liability of loss, damage, or expense arising out of the product's improper use. Various Federal, State or Provincial agencies may have specific regulations concerning the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product, which may not be reflected in this SDS. The purchaser should review these regulations to ensure full compliance.